

Results from tasquinimod study in heavily pretreated patients with relapsed refractory multiple myeloma presented at ASCO 2025 available on Active Biotech's website

Lund, June 9, 2025 – Active Biotech (NASDAQ Stockholm; ACTI) announced today that study results of its clinical drug candidate tasquinimod in heavily pretreated patients with relapsed refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM) are now available on Active Biotech's website. The results were presented in a poster at the American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) annual meeting May 30 – June 1, 2025.

A total of 17 patients received tasquinimod in combination with ixazomib (proteasome inhibitor, PI), lenalidomide (Imid), and dexamethasone (IRd). Patients were heavily pretreated with a median of 7 prior lines of therapy (range 4-19) and all were triple-class refractory with 71% (12 patients) refractory to their most recent Imid/PI combination. In the total combination cohort, there was one partial response and 7 minimal responses which resulted in a 47% Clinical Benefit Rate (CBR).

Among the 12 patients refractory to their latest Imid/PI combination there was one durable partial response (lasting 19.8 months) and three minimal responses (lasting 1.2, 1.5 and 6.7 months) resulting in a CBR of 33%. These patients were unlikely to respond to IRd alone and the result suggests synergistic efficacy of tasquinimod with the IRd combination.

The results highlight the potential for targeting the tumor microenvironment with tasquinimod to augment the efficacy of other myeloma therapies. Tasquinimod was well tolerated in combination with IRd and the safety profile was in line with previous experience. The most common treatment emergent adverse events included fatigue, gastrointestinal events, pain and respiratory infections. Mostly of mild to moderate grade.

The study (NCT04405167), was conducted at Abramson Cancer Center, Perelman School of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA with Dr. Dan Vogl as Principal Investigator. Full study results are being analyzed and will be published in a Scientific Journal.

Information on the presentation:

Abstract 7555, Clinical Activity of Novel Targeting of S100A9 with Tasquinimod for Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma (RRMM), Dan T. Vogl et al. was presented as a poster at the poster session Hematologic malignancies – Plasma cell dyscrasia on June 1, 2025.

The poster is now available on [Active Biotech's website](#).

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About Active Biotech

Active Biotech AB (publ) (NASDAQ Stockholm: ACTI) is a biotechnology company that develops first-in-class immunomodulatory treatments for oncology and immunology indications with a high unmet medical need and significant commercial potential. Active Biotech currently holds three projects in its portfolio, of which tasquinimod and laquinimod are wholly owned small molecule immunomodulators with a mode of action that includes modulation of myeloid immune cell function. The projects are in clinical development for hematological malignancies and inflammatory eye disorders, respectively. The company's core focus is on the development of tasquinimod in myelofibrosis, a rare blood cancer, where clinical proof-of-concept studies have been initiated. A clinical Phase Ib/IIa study in multiple myeloma is being concluded. Laquinimod is in clinical development for the treatment of non-infectious uveitis. A clinical phase I program with a topical ophthalmic formulation has been performed to support phase II development together with a partner. The third pipeline project is naptumomab, a targeted anti-cancer immunotherapy, partnered to NeoTX Therapeutics, which is in a phase Ib/II clinical program in patients with advanced solid tumors. Please visit www.activebiotech.com for more information.

About tasquinimod

Tasquinimod is an orally active small molecule immunomodulator with a novel mode of action, blocking tumor supporting pathways in the bone marrow microenvironment. Tasquinimod is being developed as a new immunomodulatory treatment for hematological malignancies. Tasquinimod has previously been studied as an anti-cancer agent in patients with solid cancers, including a phase III randomized trial in patients with metastatic prostate cancer. The tolerability of tasquinimod is well-characterized based on these previous experiences. Tasquinimod has demonstrated a clear therapeutic potential in preclinical models of multiple myeloma, when used as a single agent and in combination with standard multiple myeloma therapy. A clinical Phase Ib/IIa study with tasquinimod in relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma is being concluded. Tasquinimod ameliorates disease development in preclinical models for myelofibrosis. Clinical proof-of-concept studies have been initiated in Europe and in the US.

About multiple myeloma

Multiple myeloma is an incurable blood cancer in which abnormal plasma cells in the bone marrow grow uncontrollably while other blood forming cells such as white and red blood cells and blood platelets are suppressed. This leads to anemia, infections, destruction of bone tissue and progressive loss of renal function. Despite new treatments have greatly improved survival of multiple myeloma patients, the biological heterogeneity of the disease and the emergence of drug resistance is a major challenge, and the medical need of innovative treatment modalities remains high. In 2022, 317,000 new cases of multiple myeloma were diagnosed in the eight major markets. The global sales of drugs for the treatment of multiple myeloma totaled 21.2 billion USD in 2022 and is expected to increase to 29.3 billion USD in 2032 (Global Data Report 2024).

Attachments

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