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DNB MARKETS

NELLY Profitability has to wait

Nelly issued a profit warning for Q2 last week. Despite a higher gross margin and lower warehousing costs, operating profit has been decreasing in Q2, mainly due to lower revenues. Nelly expects sales growth to decline by a double-digit percentage and operating profit is expected to be negative or close to zero in Q2. Accordingly, we have reduced our 2022–2024e sales and EBIT, and in turn lowered our fair value to SEK15–25/share (35–45/share).

Nelly issued a Q2 profit warning. Its expectations of weaker sales are primarily driven by fewer visits to its websites, and e-commerce saw weaker than expected trends during the spring, which is increasing the competition to drive traffic and attract customers online. Despite a higher gross margin and lower warehousing costs, the operating profit is decreasing in Q2, mainly as a result of the lower revenues. Sales growth is expected to decline by a double-digit percentage and the operating profit is expected to be negative or close to zero. We estimate that EBIT of zero in Q2 would also imply an end to consensus' expectation of profitability in 2022.

CEO change. Nelly announced today that CEO Kristina Lukes has resigned from her position in the company with immediate effect. Helena Karlinder-Östlundh, the Chief People, Communications & Sustainability Officer, will be the acting interim CEO.

2022 outlook. We believe the market and company had underestimated the impact from: the return to a normalisation of consumer behaviour (i.e. in-store purchases); shoppers downtrading; and weaker consumer sentiment. We have lowered our sales and EBIT expectations for 2022–2024. We believe cost savings should start to filter through towards end-2022, but this will not be enough to offset the weaker sales and consequent EBIT pressure we expect near-term. In our view, the focus on profitability over sales growth should become more apparent now and going forward than what we have seen previously.

Fair value lowered to SEK15–25/share, based on a c34–50% discount on 12-month forward EV/sales to global peer multiples, and a DCF. Nelly is trading at a 12-month forward EV/sales of 0.3–0.4x.

Year-end Dec	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e
Revenue (SEKm)	1,385	1,452	1,394	1,428	1,325	1,365	1,412
EBIT adj (SEKm)	-6	-62	-46	-39	-7	22	40
PTP (SEKm)	-20	-73	-48	-47	-27	5	25
EPS rep (SEK)	0.00	-5.80	-4.44	-2.60	-1.44	0.26	1.35
EPS adj (SEK)	0.00	-5.80	-4.44	-2.60	-1.44	0.26	1.35
DPS (SEK)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Revenue growth (%)	14.0	4.9	-4.0	2.5	-7.3	3.0	3.5
EBIT growth adj (%)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	81.1
EPS growth adj (%)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	418.3
EBIT margin adj (%)	-0.5	-4.2	-3.3	-2.7	-0.5	1.6	2.8
EV/Sales adj (x)	0.71	1.39	0.27	0.49	0.32	0.32	0.31
EV/EBIT adj (x)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	20.0	11.1
P/E adj (x)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	60.2	11.6
Net debt/EBITDA (x)	66.1	-70.5	10.8	-34.0	4.5	2.5	1.9
ROE (%)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	2.7	13.7
ROCE (%)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	4.7	7.8
Dividend yield (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FCF yield (%)	nm	4.1	3.2	-0.7	-2.8	3.7	18.1

Source: Company (historical figures), DNB Markets (estimates)

NELLY versus OMXS30 (12m)





SUMMARY

JUNIMART	
Share price (SEK)	15.7
Tickers	NELLY SS
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	
No. of shares (m)	18.5
No. of shares fully dil. (m)	18.5
Market cap. (SEKm)	291
NIBD adj end-2022e (SEKm)	127
Enterprise value adj (SEKm)	418
Net debt/EBITDA adj (x)	4.46
Free float (%)	61

Source: Company, DNB Markets (estimates)

NEXT EVENT	
Q2 2022 Results	16/07/2022

ESTIMATE CHANGES (SEK)									
Year-end Dec	2022e	2023e	2024e						
Sales (old)	1,451	1,528	1,592						
Sales (new)	1,325	1,365	1,412						
Change (%)	-8.7	-10.7	-11.3						
EPS adj (old)	-0.30	1.48	2.14						
EPS adj (new)	-1.44	0.26	1.35						
Change (%)	nm	-82.3	-36.8						

Source: DNB Markets,

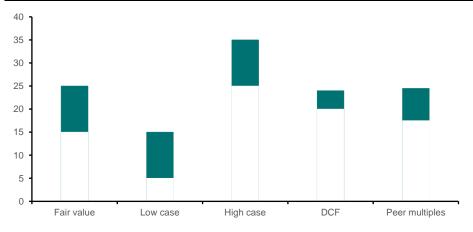
This report has been commissioned and paid for by the company, and is deemed to constitute an acceptable minor non-monetary benefit as defined in MiFID II

ANALYSTS Ebba Bjorklid

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Overview

Valuation (SEK/share)



Source: DNB Markets

Downside risks to our fair value

- Rapid structural decline in end-market demand from a lower customer retention rate than expected in the online channel post-pandemic.
- Slower Nordic GDP growth than expected due to the pandemic.
- Slower customer uptake following the brand relaunch weighing on Nelly's financial performance.
- Lower consumer demand and sentiment due to the high inflationary environment.

Source: DNB Markets

DNB Markets estimates

Source: DNB Markets

Key near-term trigger: 1) a return to profitability in 2023e; 2) accelerating top-line momentum; and 3) the success of the ongoing relaunch. We forecast a 2022–2024 sales CAGR of 3.2% and a 330bp EBIT margin gain.

Valuation methodology

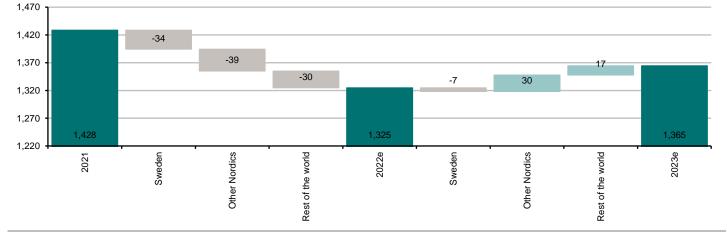
- Our fair value of SEK15–25 (previously 35–45)/share continues to be based on peer multiples and a DCF. On our estimates, the stock is trading at a 12-month EV/sales of 0.3– 0.4x.
- Our high-case fair value of SEK25– 35/share assumes a 2022–2024 sales CAGR of 3.2%+ and an EBIT margin of 2.8%+ by 2024.
- Our low-case fair value of SEK5– 15/share assumes <3.2% sales growth over 2022–2024, and an EBIT margin below 2.8% by 2024.

Source: DNB Markets

Source: DNB Markets

Upside risks to our fair value

- Faster top-line growth than we expect, driven by stronger demand and/or a more meaningful relaunch.
- Faster increase in profitability than we forecast, supported by the mix shift, strong end-market demand, and better profitability enhancements than expected from the new automated warehouse.
- Bigger step-up in large-scale investments than expected.



Revenues bridge 2021–2023e (SEKm)

Source: DNB Markets (forecasts), company (historical data)

ESG overview

Sustainability assessment

	Positive	Negative				
Conclusions	Nelly has a comprehensive sustainability strategy to improve its carbon footprint and encourage suppliers in the supply chain to follow suit.	Nelly currently has limited insight into the full supply chain of external brands, which represent over 50% of sales.				
	 Nelly implemented a new sustainability strategy in 2020 that has three focus areas: the planet; 	The clothing industry has a multi-faceted carbon footprint.				
	products; and people.	Clothing represents 2–10% of carbon emissions in the EU. Per capita, clothing purchases in the EU have increased by 40% in just a few decades (European Parliamentary Research Service).				
Actions being taken by company	The company has aligned its business with six of the UN's SDGs: 3 (good health and wellbeing), 5 (gender equality), 8 (decent work and economic growth) 12 (responsible consumption and production), 13 (climate action), and 17 (partnership for the goals).	 The fashion industry faces major challenges with working conditions in garment production; for many textile workers in Asia, the EU has qualified their working conditions as slave labour. Nelly has limited insight into the entire supply chain. Textile manufacturing requires significant amounts 				
	Nelly's work to broaden its product mix, cutting the share of women's occasion wear, has reduced return rates, in turn lowering the company's carbon emissions.	of water – up to 200 tons for one ton of dyed fa and up to 20,000 litres to produce 1kg of cotto				
Key ESG drivers						
Key ESG drivers Short-term	By end-2021, Nelly had increased the proportion of sustainable materials in its range to 20% (18% in Q2 2021).	 Risk of reputational damage from partners failing to deliver on ESG factors, potentially limiting its product offering. 				
	Nelly is aiming for 100% of packaging materials in customer orders to be recycled, reusable or compostable by 2022 (roughly 61% of e-commerce boxes and bags sent to customers were made of	Potential serious incidents (e.g. in the supply chain or directly related to Nelly's production) that could harm the company's reputation, workers or its sustainability profile.				
	recycled material in 2020).	Risk of missing its own sustainability goal				
	Nelly is continuously working to enhance its knowledge of diversity, gender equality, ensuring there is no discrimination, as well as focusing on safety at work and psychological issues. 60% of its board and 50% of its management team are women, and 62% of employees.	deadlines (e.g. become climate-neutral by 2023).				
Long-term	Nelly is targeting to be climate-neutral (Scope 1 & 2 emissions) by 2023 (it cut Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 47% YOY in 2020), and to halve Scope 3 emissions by 2023.	We see a risk of increased costs from new sustainability regulations or taxes in its markets given Nelly's lack of sustainability measures along the value chain.				
	It is targeting 50% of textile products in its assortment being made of more sustainable materials by 2025 (18% in Q2 2021).	Risk of Nelly failing to keep up with growing consumer ESG demands.				

Summary of positives

Expecting relaunch to improve financial performance and positioning

In 2020, the group embarked on a relaunch of Nelly, focusing on: 1) a new operating platform to support future growth; 2) a new, cost-efficient, data-driven and customer-centric organisation based in Borås (Sweden); and 3) streamlined, more targeted brand positioning. Alongside expanded product categories, we believe these are prerequisites to take the company to the next stage in its journey of creating more value for the customer. The relaunch is ongoing, but ultimately we expect it to improve Nelly's financial performance and market positioning.

Strong profitability momentum; we expect a return to profitability in 2022

We expect Nelly to be profitable in 2022, and the adj. EBIT margin to go from -2.6% in 2021 to 3.2% in 2023, improving further thereafter, underpinned by the new automated warehouse (itself driving SEK35m in savings, with the full effect in 2022, according to management), an improving top line, a higher share of own-brand sales and more full-price sales.

Improving growth trajectory

Near-term, we expect strong underlying market growth, driven by the steady migration to online -c25-30% of the total market for Nelly's product categories is online today, but longer-term we believe the online contribution looks set to approach 50%+. We expect sales growth to be supported by its broader offering post-pandemic, new customer intake and increased penetration of the target customer group.

However, we see the strongest driver of growth from increased frequency of shopping online generally and at Nelly in particular (according to Nelly, its most profitable and key target customers shop online an average of ~18 times a year – but only 2–3 times a year with Nelly). We expect Nelly to increase the frequency of purchases over time based on: the underlying market channel shift to online; an increased number of orders; its expanded offering and wider assortment; more full-price sales; and improved relative relevance to customers through brand enhancements.

Improving sustainability profile

In light of the growing importance of sustainability and ESG alignment to consumers and other stakeholders, Nelly is stepping up sustainability efforts to improve its environmental credentials and competitiveness. We believe the pandemic has served as a platform to strengthen sustainability commitments and accelerate industry-wide changes, such as reduced seasonality of offerings and scaling of circular business models. We also believe a strong sustainability profile will be key for relative outperformance.

Three core pillars to relaunch

Management's key financial focus is returning to profitability

We expect the steady migration to online to continue – tying in with Nelly's ongoing refocusing efforts

Increased frequency of online shopping set to underpin growth

We believe 'green' credentials will become of even greater relevance to shoppers and investors alike

Summary of negatives

Distinct and outdated websites reduce scale benefits and hamper improvements in sales and profitability

Nelly's business and online platform comprises two totally separate brands/websites – Nelly.com (we estimate c91% of 2021 sales) and NLYman.com (we estimate c9% of 2021 sales). While in terms of branding this might be beneficial, financially we see several negatives, namely reduced cross-selling and growth opportunities, particularly at NLYman.com, limiting potential scale benefits, capping AOV growth potential versus a combined platform, and potentially leaving Nelly trailing peers.

Narrowly focused portfolio and customer base increases financial risks

We believe focusing solely on getting back to profitability is the right path for Nelly at this stage, even at the expense of peers pulling farther ahead in terms of geographical exposure, customer base and product category expansion and diversification. However, we see increased financial risk from its narrow customer group, product categories and geographical focus versus peers, as demonstrated during the pandemic when Nelly materially underperformed the online fashion retail market (2.5% sales growth in 2021, while the market grew by 14%), and we expect it to continue to underperform the market, even with a return to profitability in 2022e.

Relative growth and profitability underperformance expected versus key peers (but largely priced in)

Even though we expect sales growth to improve during 2022 and thereafter, given Nelly is prioritising a return to profitability over growth (unlike peers Boozt and Lyko) and its target customer market (girls/women aged 15–25) already shop online more than other age groups, we believe its peer group is on a higher growth trajectory. In addition, we expect European markets outside the Nordics to outperform the Nordics. Finally, we believe peers will remain ahead on EBIT margins.

However, we believe these fundamentals are already priced in, with Nelly trading at 50% below the 12-month forward P/E to its peer group.

Relaunch and reliance on influencers increase financial risk

We believe Nelly is exposed to higher financial risk (both on the upside and downside) than peers from its ongoing rebranding and its marketing strategy. Given its target audience of fashion-conscious 15- to 25-year-old girls and women, the company actively uses high-profile influencers to help drive customer traffic and sales in its marketing campaigns, all of which are entirely online. It works closely with those influencers to build the brand and engage with its customer base, but we see a risk here with Nelly being so closely associated with specific influencer brands, particularly as social media is so fluid and the group has no control over the popularity of influencers, as well as the possibility of influencers withdrawing from a collaboration.

Some investors we have spoken to see heightened integration and organisational risks shortterm following the move to Borås, given the many organisational moving parts, with a large number of new employees, new teams, functions and organisational structures. Fundamentally, they see these increasing Nelly's financial risk near-term, as they wait to see how the relaunch pans out. More cons than pros in having totally separate brands/platforms

On the right course...

...but even with a return to profitability in its sights, Nelly is unlikely to keep up with peers

Business decision to use high-profile influencers brings risks – on both sides of the coin

Company overview

Company history

Since its launch in 2004, Nelly has expanded its offering from purely underwear and swimwear to focusing on partywear, and now also accessories (including beauty products) and everyday wear (including sportswear).

Establishment of Nelly.com

In 2007, Qliro Group acquired Nelly, which was followed by rapid expansion and a broadening of the product offering to clothing and accessories. In 2008, the first in-house brands, 'NLY Trend' and 'NLY Shoes', were launched (and are still offered today).

Expansion to new markets

Nelly expanded outside the Nordics in 2010 with pilot launches in the Netherlands and Germany, followed by a roll-out to other countries in Europe in the following years, including Austria, the UK, France, Belgium and Poland. However, in 2012, the decision was made to shift focus back to the Nordics, and it wound down its other operations, before entering a partnership with Zalando in 2018 to sell its products elsewhere in Europe in a more cost-efficient way.

Launch of NLY Man as a separate store

In 2014, menswear was separated from Nelly and relaunched on its own platform, NLYman.com.

Group split

In 2018, Qliro group announced its plans to split the group consisting of Qliro, CDON and Nelly into three separate companies, which was completed in H2 2020; CDON and Qliro were listed on First North and Nasdaq Stockholm, respectively. Still part of the Qliro group, the business was renamed Nelly Group and appointed a new CEO (Kristina Lukes) and CFO (John Afzelius). Nelly Group AB is the same listed company as Qliro Group AB, previously the parent of Nelly. After a share dividend (shares in CDON and Qliro) was given to Qliro shareholders in Q3 and Q4 2020, the name was changed from Qliro Group AB to Nelly Group AB.

Relaunch of Nelly

In 2020, Nelly relaunched its brand to strengthen its core business in the Nordics and to lay the foundations for its next growth phase, including initiatives to improve profitability and efficiency.

In 2021, major organisational changes were implemented. For example, the automated warehouse was established.

Figure 1: Nelly – key events

Date	Event
2004	Nelly established
2007	Acquired by Qliro Group
2008	Nelly launches its first own brands: 'Nelly Trend' and 'Nelly Shoes'
2010	Expands outside the Nordics
2014	Menswear separated from Nelly and relaunched as NLYman.com
2018	Enters partnership with Zalando
2019	Takes the decision to focus solely on the Nordics and exit its other markets
2020	Qliro group split and renamed Nelly Group
	Nelly relaunch
2021	Major organisational changes (e.g. automated warehouse established)
Source: Con	npany

Business overview

Operating in the Nordic online fashion sector, Nelly's offering comprises clothing and accessories (including beauty products and sportswear). With operations and marketing entirely online, it connects with customers through social media, using high-profile influencers to promote the brand. However, while it intends to continue to focus on developing its own brand, third-party products remain a key revenue stream (42% of 2020 sales came from its own brands).

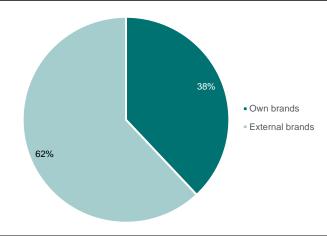
Expansion outside the Nordics on its own platform proved short-lived

Portfolio overview

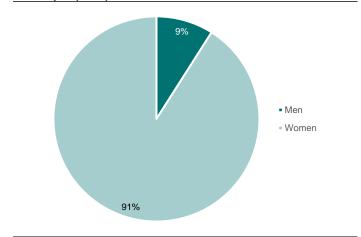
Partywear remains Nelly's core offering, but the pandemic forced it to diversify as shopping habits changed drastically with lockdowns, and Nelly saw sales of partywear halve in 2020. By contrast, sales of everyday wear grew and, according to management, should be a strong future focus, as should accessories, leveraging on its knowledge of the partywear segment. In 2021, we estimate that sales of party fashion grew YOY but were still significantly lower than before the pandemic.

The core pillar of Nelly's business is selling its own brand to Nordic customers through its own channel. Out of Nelly's total sales, 38% were own-brand in 2021, and overall less than 10% from NLYman.com. Under its partnership with Zalando, Nelly offers own-brand products, which made up less than 10% of group sales in 2020.

Figure 2: Nelly – own brand and third-party brand split of net sales (2021)







Source: Company (underlying data), DNB Markets (graph structuring)

Source: DNB Markets (estimates)

Customer overview

Nelly's brand is targeted at fashion-conscious girls/women aged 15–25, and aims to be ontrend, marketing solely through social media. Central to its marketing strategy is collaborating with social media influencers to connect with its customers. According to Nelly, its most profitable and key target customers are typically very fashion-conscious, and shop online an average of ~18 times a year – but only 2–3 times a year with Nelly. According to data from Meniga NEPA, Nelly ranks higher on brand awareness than its actual market share. According to Nelly, its most profitable and key target customers typically shop online an average of ~18 times a year – but only order 2–3 times a year from its website

Management is looking to leverage on its knowledge in partywear in its expansion

Figure 4: Sweden – market shares (April 2021, rolling-12month)

Simmunoot Zalando

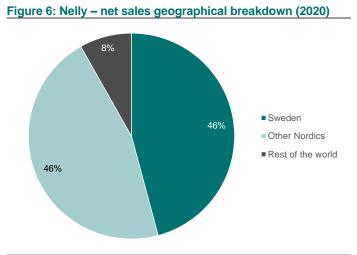


Source: Meniga card data Sweden (April 2021, rolling 12-month)

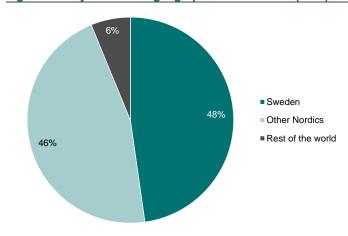
Source: Meniga NEPA consumer tracking (April 2021, Sweden)

Operations

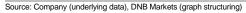
After launching in countries outside the Nordics in 2010 but subsequently signing the deal with Zalando in 2018, Nelly took the decision in late 2019 to focus solely on its Nordic markets. However, its website is still available for other European countries such as Germany, the Netherlands, Austria, Belgium, France, the UK and Poland, as well as countries outside Europe. As part of that, its website now has five language options (English, Swedish, Norwegian, Danish and Finnish). In 2021, Sweden represented 48% of total net sales, other Nordic countries 46% and the rest of the world 6%.







Source: Company (underlying data), DNB Markets (graph structuring)



Strategy

Among management's key focus areas are the relaunch of Nelly, customer commitment, the core geographical market, and logistics/efficiency improvements from the new automated warehouse.

Relaunch of the Nelly brand

In 2020, management embarked on a relaunch of Nelly, specifically in terms of the product mix. While management has said partywear will remain Nelly's core offering, it will also increase focus on everyday wear (including sportswear). According to Nelly, its most profitable and key target customers shop online an average of ~18 times a year – but only 2–3 times a year with

Looking to capture a larger share of the customer wallet

Nelly. By expanding into more product categories, it is aiming to increase its share of the customer wallet.

Customer commitment

Nelly has 1.3m followers and a 96% completion rate on Instagram, with 19% of its target group visiting its website on a weekly basis. Management believes strong engagement with its customers allows Nelly to influence their fashion decisions and trends, and to push new purchases and thereby increase sales.

Focus on core geographical market

Having signed the deal with Zalando in 2018, Nelly took the decision in late-2019 to focus solely on its Nordic markets, the rationale being relationship-building, narrowing its target group and strengthening its customer relevance/loyalty.

Improve logistics

To increase logistical and operational efficiency, Nelly also took the decision to build an automated warehouse in Borås (Sweden), which was fully operational in Q3 2021. The location was chosen to streamline distribution, with access to more transport options and therefore scope to offer faster deliveries. The old warehouse was decommissioned on 30 September 2021. Management estimates the new warehouse will generate annual cost savings of SEK35m, with full effect from 2022 (some savings materialised in Q4 2021 and Q1 2022), broadly reflecting personnel reductions (down from 150 to ~70) in the warehouse, improved logistics and operating efficiency gains. Extrapolating the 2022 targeted savings would equate to a c250bp improvement versus the 2020 EBIT margin.

Social media is a key strategic pillar

Forecast changes – P&L

		New			Old			Change	
(SEKm)	2022e	2023e	2024e	2022e	2023e	2024e	2022e	2023e	2024e
Revenues	1,325	1,365	1,412	1,451	1,528	1,592	-126	-163	-179
Cost of sales	-699	-718	-741	-766	-802	-834	66	84	93
Gross profit	625	647	671	685	726	758	-59	-79	-87
Operating expenses	-632	-625	-631	-670	-681	-704	38	56	72
EBITDA	28	58	77	53	85	96	-24	-27	-19
EBITDA adj	28	58	77	53	85	96	-24	-27	-19
EBITDA margin (%)	2.2	4.3	5.5	3.7	5.6	6.1	-1.5	-1.3	-0.6
Depreciation	-35	-36	-37	-38	-40	-42	3	4	5
Impairment of PPE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EBITA	-7	22	40	15	44	54	-21	-22	-15
Amortisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment of intangibles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EBIT	-7	22	40	15	44	54	-21	-22	-15
EBIT adj	-7	22	40	15	44	54	-21	-22	-15
Net interest	-20	-17	-15	-20	-17	-15	0	0	0
Net financial items	-20	-17	-15	-20	-17	-15	0	0	0
PBT	-27	5	25	-5	27	40	-21	-22	-15
Taxes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Minorities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Discontinued operations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net profit	-27	5	25	-5	27	40	-21	-22	-15
Adjustments to net profit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net profit adj	-27	5	25	-5	27	40	-21	-22	-15
Per share data (SEK)									
EPS	-1.44	0.26	1.35	-0.30	1.48	2.14	-1.14	-1.21	-0.79
EPS adj	-1.44	0.26	1.35	-0.30	1.48	2.14	-1.14	-1.21	-0.79
DPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other key metrics (%)									
Revenue growth	-7.3	3.0	3.5	1.6	5.3	4.2	-8.8	-2.3	-0.7
EBIT adj growth	nm	nm	81.1	-137.6	205.4	22.2	nm	nm	59.0
EPS adj growth	nm	nm	418.3	-88.6	-596.9	45.1	nm	nm	373.1
Avg. number of shares (m)	18	18	18	18	18	18	0	0	0
Capex	-10	-10	-9	-10	-10	-9	0	0	0
OpFCF	18	48	68	43	75	87	-24	-27	-19
Working capital	59	82	85	78	93	96	-18	-12	-11
NIBD adj	127	146	149	113	97	93	14	49	55

Source: DNB Markets

Quarterly numbers

(SEKm)	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022e	Q3 2022e	Q4 2022e 0	Q1 2023e	
Revenues	394	312	397	313	407	288	335	301	400	273	
Cost of sales	-226	-176	-214	-169	-231	-161	-174	-157	-209	-151	
Gross profit	168	136	182	143	177	128	162	145	192	122	
Operating expenses	-168	-151	-175	-171	-180	-151	-173	-148	-160	-136	
EBITDA	8	-8	14	-17	7	-13	-3	6	39	-6	
Depreciation	-8	-8	-7	-10	-11	-11	-8	-9	-8	-8	
EBITA	0	-15	7	-27	-3	-24	-11	-3	31	-14	
EBIT	0	-15	7	-27	-3	-24	-11	-3	31	-14	
LDIT	Ŭ	-15	'	-21	-5	-24	-11	-5	51	-14	
Net interest	0	-2	1	-2	-5	-5	-5	-5	-5	-4	
Net financial items	0	-2	1	-2	-5	-5	-5	-5	-5	-4	
РВТ	0	-17	8	-30	-8	-29	-16	-8	26	-18	
Taxes	-10	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	
Net profit	504	-18	8	-29	-8	-29	-16	-8	26	-18	
Adjustments to net profit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Net profit adj	504	-18	8	-29	-8	-29	-16	-8	26	-18	
Per share data (SEK)											
Growth and margins (%)											
Revenues, QOQ growth	28.6	-20.8	27.2	-21.2	30.3	-29.3		-10.1	32.9	-31.8	
Revenues, YOY growth	-1.4	3.0	1.4	2.1	3.4	-7.6			-1.7	-5.3	
EPS adj, YOY growth	nm	nm	nm	nm							
Gross margin	42.7	43.7	46.0	45.9	43.4	44.3	48.2	48.0	47.9	44.8	
EBITDA adj margin	2.0	nm	3.5	nm	1.8	nm	nm	2.1	9.7	nm	
Depreciation/revenues	-1.9	-2.4	-1.8	-3.2	-2.6	-3.7		-3.1	-1.9	-3.0	
EBIT adj margin	0.1	-4.8	1.8	-8.7	-0.8	-8.3	-3.3	-1.0	7.8	-5.2	
Net profit margin	nm	nm	nm	nm							

Source: Company (historical figures), DNB Markets (estimates)

Adjustments to quarterly numbers

(SEKm)	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022e	Q3 2022e	Q4 2022e	Q1 2023e	
EBITDA	8	-8	14	-17	7	-13	-3	6	39	-6	
EBITDA adj	8	-8	14	-17	7	-13	-3	6	39	-6	
EBITA	0	-15	7	-27	-3	-24	-11	-3	31	-14	
EBITA adj	0	-15	7	-27	-3	-24	-11	-3	31	-14	
EBIT	0	-15	7	-27	-3	-24	-11	-3	31	-14	
EBIT adj	0	-15	7	-27	-3	-24	-11	-3	31	-14	
Net profit	504	-18	8	-29	-8	-29	-16	-8	26	-18	
Net profit adj	504	-18	8	-29	-8	-29	-16	-8	26	-18	

Annual P&L

(SEKm)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e
Revenues	1,083	1,215	1,385	1,452	1,394	1,428	1,325	1,365	1,412
Cost of sales	-820	-822	-1,015	-768	-782	-790	-699	-718	-741
Gross profit	263	393	369	685	612	639	625	647	671
Operating expenses	-270	-315	-354	-746	-658	-677	-632	-625	-631
EBITDA	-7	78	15	-25	-18	-4	28	58	77
Depreciation	-20	-15	-21	-37	-28	-35	-35	-36	-37
Impairment of PPE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EBITA	-27	63	-6	-62	-46	-39	-7	22	40
Amortisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment of intangibles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EBIT	-27	63	-6	-62	-46	-39	-7	22	40
Net interest	-69	33	-20	-11	-2	-9	-20	-17	-15
Net financial items	-69	33	-20	-11	-2	-9	-20	-17	-15
PBT	-69	33	-20	-73	-48	-47	-27	5	25
Taxes	12	-12	3	-14	-24	-1	0	0	0
Effective tax rate (%)	18	35	13	-19	-50	-1	0	0	0
Minorities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Discontinued operations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net profit	-57	22	-17	-110	-71	-48	-27	5	25
Adjustments to net profit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net profit adj	-57	22	-17	-110	-71	-48	-27	5	25
Dividend paid	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Avg. number of shares				15	16	18	18	18	18
Per share data (SEK)									
EPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5.80	-4.44	-2.60	-1.44	0.26	1.35
EPS adj	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5.80	-4.44	-2.60	-1.44	0.26	1.35
DPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Growth and margins (%)									
Revenue growth	nm	12.1	14.0	4.9	-4.0	2.5	-7.3	3.0	3.5
EPS adj growth	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	418.3
Gross margin	24.3	32.3	26.7	47.1	43.9	44.7	47.2	47.4	47.5
EBITDA margin	nm	6.4	1.1	nm	nm	nm	2.2	4.3	5.5
EBITDA adj margin	nm	6.4	1.1	nm	nm	nm	2.2	4.3	5.5
Depreciation/revenues	-1.8	-1.3	-1.5	-2.5	-2.0	-2.5	-2.7	-2.7	-2.7
EBIT margin	nm 2.4	5.2	nm	nm 4 2	nm	nm	nm	1.6	2.8
EBIT adj margin	-2.4	5.2	-0.5	-4.2	-3.3	-2.7	-0.5	1.6	2.8
PBT margin Net profit margin	nm	2.7	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	0.4	1.8 1 8
iver pronit margin	nm	1.8	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	0.4	1.8

Adjustments to annual P&L

(SEKm)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e
EBITDA	-7	78	15	-25	-18	-4	28	58	77
Other EBITDA adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EBITDA adj	-7	78	15	-25	-18	-4	28	58	77
EBITA	-27	63	-6	-62	-46	-39	-7	22	40
Other EBITA adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment of intangibles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EBITA adj	-27	63	-6	-62	-46	-39	-7	22	40
EBIT	-27	63	-6	-62	-46	-39	-7	22	40
Other EBIT adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment of intangibles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amortisation, adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EBIT adj	-27	63	-6	-62	-46	-39	-7	22	40
Net profit	-57	22	-17	-110	-71	-48	-27	5	25
Other EBIT adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment of intangibles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amortisation, adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tax adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net profit adj	-57	22	-17	-110	-71	-48	-27	5	25
Per share data (SEK)									
EPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5.80	-4.44	-2.60	-1.44	0.26	1.35
Recommended adjustment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EPS adj	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5.80	-4.44	-2.60	-1.44	0.26	1.35

Cash flow

(SEKm)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e
Net profit	-57	22	-17	-110	-71	-48	-27	5	25
Depreciation and amortisation	20	15	21	37	28	35	35	36	37
Other non-cash adjustments			0	-2	-1	1	0	0	0
Change in net working capital	0	0	0	54	70	25	-7	-20	-1
Cash flow from operations (CFO)	-37	37	4	24	24	19	2	21	62
Capital expenditure	0	0	0	-3	0	-11	-10	-10	-9
Acquisitions/Investments	0	0	0	-10	-6	-12	0	0	0
Divestments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cash flow from investing (CFI)	0	0	0	-13	-6	-23	-10	-10	-9
Free cash flow (FCF)	-37	37	4	11	18	-4	-8	11	53
Net change in debt	0	0	0	-206	-50	0	0	0	0
Dividends paid	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Share issue (repurchase)			0						
Other	0	0	0	-155	-57	-29	0	0	0
Cash flow from financing (CFF)	0	0	0	-361	96	-29	0	0	0
Total cash flow (CFO+CFI+CFF)	-37	37	4	-350	114	-33	-8	11	53
FCFF calculation									
Free cash flow	-37	37	4	11	18	-4	-8	11	53
Less: net interest	69	-33	20	11	2	9	20	17	15
Less: tax shields/other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Less: acquisitions	0	0	0	10	6	12	0	0	0
Less: divestments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Free cash flow to the firm	32	4	24	33	26	16	12	28	67
Growth (%)									
CFO	nm	199.7	-88.9	490.2	0.0	-22.7	-89.5	960.2	195.6
CFI	nm	nm	nm	nm	51.6	-269.4	56.3	0.0	10.0
FCF	nm	199.7	-88.9	178.0	57.9	-123.3	-91.3	234.8	385.5
CFF	nm	nm	nm	nm	126.5	-130.5	100.0	nm	nm
FCFF	nm	-88.3	543.2	38.2	-21.9	-36.6	-26.6	132.6	141.0

Balance sheet

(SEKm)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e
Assets	2,546	3,244	3,440	4,010	655	900	863	853	885
Inventories	548	448	418	350	166	180	178	183	189
Trade receivables	91	61	55	78	47	28	26	27	28
Other receivables	27	142	82	41	15	4	26	27	28
Current financial assets	825	1,193	1,733	2,433	20	22	20	22	20
Cash and cash equivalents	435	625	692	2,433 554	230	198	189	200	253
Current assets	1,926	2,468	2,980	3,456	478	431	419	435	495
	1,020	2,400	2,000	0,400	410	-01	410	400	400
Property, plant and equipment	28	24	25	110	47	329	304	277	249
Goodwill	266	63	64	64	40	40	40	40	40
Other intangible assets	137	139	157	246	16	16	16	16	16
Other tangible assets	0	1	1	0	4	0	0	0	0
Investments in associates	0	0	25	0	0	6	6	6	6
Deferred tax assets	122	108	113	111	74	74	74	74	74
Pension assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Non-current financial assets	67	76	76	24	-3	5	5	5	4
Non-current assets	620	410	460	554	177	469	444	418	390
Total assets	2,546	3,244	3,440	4,010	655	900	863	853	885
Equity and liabilities	2,546	3,244	3,440	4,010	655	900	863	853	885
Total equity to the parent	301	301	310	155	185	185	185	185	185
Minority interests	725	709	685	734	65	19	-7	-2	-2
Total equity	1,026	1,010	995	889	250	204	178	183	183
Trade payables	549	486	360	316	144	144	144	128	131
Other payables and accruals	285	265	237	320	153	145	145	115	85
Short-term debt	668	739	1,138	2,039	90	140	130	132	135
Total current liabilities	1,502	1,489	1,736	2,675	386	429	419	375	351
Long-term debt	0	575	708	392	0	0	0	0	0
Deferred tax liabilities	12	575 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pension liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other non-current liabilities	6	169	2	54	19	266	266	296	351
Total non-current liabilities	18	745	710	447	19	266	266	290 296	351
Total liabilities	1,520	2,234	2,446	3,122	405	696	685	671	702
Total equity and liabilities	2,546	3,244	3,440	4,010	655	900	863	853	885
Key metrics									
Net interest bearing debt	78	567	985	1,740	-191	119	127	146	149
Invested capital	444	369	509	602	208	493	464	460	435

Valuation ratios

(SEKm)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e
Enterprise value									
Share price (SEK)	22.85	47.82	24.25	18.44	35.37	31.60	15.72	15.72	15.72
Number of shares (m)	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.00	16.00	18.36	18.50	18.50	18.50
Market capitalisation	0	0	0	277	566	580	291	291	291
Net interest bearing debt	78	567	985	1,740	-191	119	127	146	149
Adjustments to NIBD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net interest bearing debt adj	78	567	985	1,740	-191	119	127	146	149
EV	78	567	985	2,017	375	699	418	437	439
EV adj	78	567	985	2,017	375	699	418	437	439
Valuation									
EPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5.80	-4.44	-2.60	-1.44	0.26	1.35
EPS adj	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5.80	-4.44	-2.60	-1.44	0.26	1.35
DPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P/E				-3.2	-8.0	-12.1	-10.9	60.2	11.6
P/E adj				-3.2	-8.0	-12.1	-10.9	60.2	11.6
P/B				0.31	2.26	2.84	1.64	1.59	1.59
Average ROE		2.1%	-1.7%	-11.7%	-12.5%	-21.0%	-13.9%	2.7%	13.7%
Earnings yield adj				-31.5%	-12.6%	-8.2%	-9.2%	1.7%	8.6%
Dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
EV/SALES	0.07	0.47	0.71	1.39	0.27	0.49	0.32	0.32	0.31
EV/SALES adj	0.07	0.47	0.71	1.39	0.27	0.49	0.32	0.32	0.31
EV/EBITDA	-11.1	7.3	66.1	-81.7	-21.3	-199.8	14.7	7.5	5.7
EV/EBITDA adj	-11.1	7.3	66.1	-81.7	-21.3	-199.8	14.7	7.5	5.7
EV/EBIT	-2.9	9.1	-153.9	-32.7	-8.2	-18.1	-63.1	20.0	11.1
EV/EBIT adj	-2.9	9.1	-153.9	-32.7	-8.2	-18.1	-63.1	20.0	11.1
EV/capital employed	0.1	0.3	0.6	1.5	1.4	1.5	0.9	0.9	0.8
EV/NOPLAT	-2.9	9.1	-153.9	-32.7	-8.2	-18.1	-63.1	20.0	11.1
EV/OpFCF (taxed)	-11.1	7.3	66.1	-73.6	-21.2	-47.6	22.6	9.1	6.5

Key accounting ratios

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e
Profitability (%)									
ROA		0.8	-0.5	-3.0	-3.0	-6.1	-3.0	0.6	2.9
ROCE		4.5	-0.4	-4.1	-5.7	-10.4	-1.4	4.7	7.8
ROCE after tax		4.5	-0.4	-4.1	-5.7	-10.4	-1.4	4.7	7.8
Return on invested capital (%)									
Net PPE/revenues	2.6	1.9	1.8	7.5	3.3	23.0	22.9	20.3	17.6
Working capital/revenues	8.2	1.9	8.2	7.7	5.0	4.4	4.5	6.0	6.0
Revenues/invested capital (pre-GW)	244.1	328.8	272.0	241.3	671.9	289.8	285.5	296.6	324.4
Pre-tax ROIC (pre-goodwill)		25.8	-1.7	-12.6	-13.0	-12.4	-1.5	5.2	9.7
Pre-tax ROIC (incl. goodwill)		15.4	-1.5	-11.1	-11.3	-11.0	-1.4	4.7	8.8
After-tax ROIC (pre-goodwill)		25.8	-1.7	-12.6	-13.0	-12.4	-1.5	5.2	9.7
After-tax ROIC (incl. goodwill)		15.4	-1.5	-11.1	-11.3	-11.0	-1.4	4.7	8.8
Cash flow ratios (%)									
FCF/revenues	-3.4	3.1	0.3	0.8	1.3	-0.3	-0.6	0.8	3.7
FCF yield (%)	nm	nm	nm	7.8	4.3	1.3	-2.8	3.7	18.1
CFO/revenues	-3.4	3.1	0.3	1.7	1.7	1.3	0.1	1.5	4.4
CFO/market capitalisation				8.7	4.3	3.2	0.7	7.2	21.2
CFO/capex				896.3	24200.0	167.0	19.6	208.3	684.1
CFO/current liabilities	-2.5	2.5	0.2	0.9	6.3	4.4	0.5	5.6	17.6
Cash conversion ratio	65.6	170.2	-23.8	-10.3	-25.3	8.8	30.2	224.1	209.9
Capex/revenues	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6
Capex/depreciation	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.4	31.9	28.5	27.7	24.0
OpFCF margin	-0.6	6.4	1.1	-1.9	-1.3	-1.0	1.4	3.5	4.8
Total payout ratio				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Leverage and solvency (x)									
Cash coverage	-0.10	-2.33	0.76	-2.17	-11.00	-0.41	1.42	3.41	5.31
Net debt/EBITDA	-11.14	7.27	66.11	-70.46	10.83	-33.97	4.46	2.52	1.93
Total debt/total capital (BV)	0.26	0.41	0.54	0.61	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15
LTD / (LTD + equity (MV))		1.00	1.00	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Cash conversion cycle									
Inventory turnover days	243.8	198.8	150.4	166.2	77.6	83.0	92.8	92.9	92.9
Receivables turnover days	39.5	61.0	36.1	30.1	16.3	8.1	14.3	14.3	14.3
Credit period	244.5	215.6	129.5	150.4	67.1	66.7	75.3	65.0	64.6
Cash conversion cycle	38.9	44.2	57.0	45.9	26.8	24.3	31.8	42.2	42.7

Important Information

Company: Nelly Coverage by Analyst: Ebba Bjorklid Date: 13/06/2022

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DNB Markets client	28%	8%	3%	3%	131			

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